

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE WASHINGTON, DC 20224

June 25, 2019

Beryl Lipton DEPT MR 50516 411A Highland Ave. Somerville, MA 02144-2516

Dear Beryl Lipton:

This is a final response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request dated May 2, 2018 that we received on May 2, 2018.

You asked for any and all talking points and similar memorandums, emails, and transcripts providing advice or direction on how to handle the media, media interviews, and statements from the time period of November 8, 2016 to March 13, 2018.

We located 1,094 pages in response to your request. We are releasing 803 pages in full and withholding 237 pages in part and 54 pages in full under FOIA exemptions (b)(5) Deliberative Process and (b)(6).

FOIA exemption (b)(5) exempts from disclosure inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency. The deliberative process privilege protects documents that reflect the pre-decisional opinions and deliberations that play a direct part in the process of making recommendations on legal or policy matters.

FOIA exemption (b)(6) exempts from disclosure files that, if released, would clearly be an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. These include medical, personnel, and similar files. We base the determination to withhold on a balancing of interests between the protection of an individual's right to privacy and the public's right to access government information.

The Supreme Court ruled that Congress intended the "similar files" provision to be construed broadly, so that all information which applies to a particular individual qualifies for consideration under exemption (b)(6).

I have enclosed a password protected CD containing these documents responsive to your requests. The password and instructions on opening these documents will be separately mailed. The redacted portion of each page is marked by the applicable FOIA exemptions.

This constitutes a partial denial of your request.

You have the right to file an administrative appeal within 90 days of the date of this letter. By filing an appeal, you preserve your rights under FOIA and give the agency a chance to review and reconsider your request and the agency's decision. I have enclosed Notice 393, *Information on an IRS Determination to Withhold Records Exempt From The Freedom of Information Act - 5 U.S.C. 552*, to explain your appeal rights.

If you would like to discuss our response before filing an appeal to attempt to resolve your dispute without going through the appeals process, you may contact me, the FOIA Public Liaison, Phillip Hatcher at:

400 West Bay Street M/S 4030 Jacksonville, FL 32202 904-661-3443

The FOIA Public Liaison responds to FOIA and Privacy Act requests for copies of documents maintained by the IRS. There is no provision in either Act to resolve tax, collection, or processing issues and our staff is not trained to answer questions regarding those issues. If you need assistance with tax related issues you may call the IRS toll free number at 1-800-829-1040.

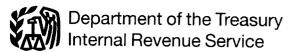
If you are unable to resolve your FOIA dispute through our FOIA Public Liaison, the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS), the Federal FOIA Ombudsman's office, offers mediation services to help resolve disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies. The contact information for OGIS is:

Office of Government Information Services
National Archives and Records Administration
8601 Adelphi Road--OGIS
College Park, MD 20740-6001
202-741-5770
877-684-6448
ogis@nara.gov
ogis.archives.gov

If you have any questions please call Tax Law Specialist, Bernard W. McDade, ID # 101749352, at 267-941-6628 or write to: Internal Revenue Service, Centralized Processing Unit –Stop 93A, PO Box 621506, Atlanta, GA 30362. Please refer to case number F18123-0001. Sincerely,

Phillip H Hatcher Disclosure Manager Disclosure Office 5

Enclosures: Notice 393 Password Protected CD



Notice 393

(Rev. September 2016)

Information on an IRS Determination to Withhold Records Exempt From The Freedom of Information Act – 5 U.S.C. 552

Appeal Rights

You may file an appeal with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) within 90 days after we (1) deny you access to a record in whole or in part; (2) have made an adverse determination as to your category as a requester; (3) deny your request for a fee waiver or reduction; or (4) have advised you that no records responsive to your request exist. You may file an appeal within 10 days when a request for expedited processing has been denied.

Your appeal must be in writing, must be signed by you, and must contain:

Your name and address.

- Description of the requested records,
- Date of the request (and a copy, if possible),
- Identity of the office and contact on the response letter, and
- Date of the letter denying the request (and a copy, if possible)

Mail your appeal to:

IRS Appeals

Attention: FOIA Appeals

M/Stop 55202 5045 E. Butler Ave.

Fresno, California 93727-5136

Judicial Review

If we deny your appeal, or do not address an issue raised in your appeal within 20 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or legal public holidays) after the date we receive your appeal, you may file a complaint in United States District Court in the district in which (1) you reside; (2) your principal place of business is located; (3) the records are located; or (4) the District of Columbia. A complaint may be filed within 10 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or legal public holidays) after the date we receive your appeal if your appeal is from an adverse determination of a request for expedited processing. If you choose to file suit before receipt of a final determination by the Appeals office, the administrative appeals process may cease.

The rule for effecting service of judicial process upon the Internal Revenue Service is set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(i). In addition to service upon the

United States, as set forth in Rule 4(i)(1), service must be made upon the Internal Revenue Service by registered or certified mail as set forth in Rule 4(i)(2)(A).

The address of the Internal Revenue Service is: Internal Revenue Service, Attention CC:PA, 1111 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20224.Exemptions The Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, does not apply to matters that are:

- (b)(1) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and are in fact properly classified under such executive order,
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency,
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that the statute:
- (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on the issue, or
- (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld.

Note: Internal Revenue Code sections 6103 and 6105 are statutes which qualify for exemption 3 treatment. Section 6103 protects the confidentiality of tax returns and information pertaining to a taxpayer collected by the IRS. Section 6105 protects information obtained from a foreign country under a tax treaty.

- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential,
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency,
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy,
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information:
- (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication,
- (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy,

- (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of a confidential source, including a State, local or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of a record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source,
- (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or
- (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual.
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions, or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.